100

ON

SEVERAL OCCASIONS.

## POEMS

ON

## Several Occasions.

VERSES fent to Mr. BEVIL HIGGONS,

On his fickness and recovery from the Smallpox, in the Year 1693.

RUEL disease! can there for beauty be Against thy malice no security? Must thou pursue her to this choice retreat? Enough thy triumphs in her wonted seat, The softer sex, whose epithet is fair; How couldst thou follow or suspect her here? But beauty does, like light, itself reveal; No place can either's glorious beams conceal.

Thine, as destructive slames, too fatal shin'd, And left no peace in either sex's mind.

The men with envy burn'd, and ev'n the fair, When with their own, thy matchless charms compare, Doubt, if they should or love, or envy, most, A finer form than they themselves can boast: Repine not, lovely youth, if that be lost.

What

What hearts it gain'd thee! 'Twas no pride to please,
To whom that part was lost, which no disease,
Nor time, nor age, nor death itself can seize.
That part, which thou for ever wilt retain,
Fewer, but nobler victories will gam.
And what all felt, when you in danger were,
Shews us how needful to our peace you are.

When death flood menacing the stroke so near, That as on certain ills, we lest to sear, Grief seem'd to dart at once a speedier blow, For less of life appear'd in us, than you; Nor could you doubt our truth, all hearts were known.

Artless and open to you as your own.

Who feign'd to love you, now no longer would,
And who had hid their love no longer could,
What prudence, fear, or modesty conceal'd,
The force of grief like tortures soon reveal'd:
Nor was the highest blam'd for an excess,
All own'd the moving cause deserv'd no less.
Whate'er philosophers of old had taught,
Here the most sensible was wisest thought.
Silent they wept, nor ceas'd their slowing tears,
Unless to offer more availing prayers,
To which thy life the gracious powers grant,
For fears and prayers make threat'ning heav'n relent.

Go on, brave youth, in all the nobleft arts,
And every virtue; exercife thy parts.
The world much will expect, and claim from thee,
But most thy gratitude is due to me,
Who' tho' of numbers, that thy friendship claim,
The least recorded in the leaves of fame,
The last in worth, am yet the first to show
What for thy safety we to heav'n owe,
Perhaps the only: less mankind incline
T' acknowledge favours, than at ills repine.

Of ten diseas'd, who heav'nly medicine gain'd, Tho' all importunate alike complain'd, And equal all the cure they sought, obtain'd; But one return'd, and he like me unknown, The bleffing giv'n with grateful joy to own.

## The occasion of the following verses.

Having joined with others of my own sex to write upon Mr. Dryden's death, under the several names of the Nine Muses; I was some time after addressed from Ireland by some lovers of poetry, as to a Muse, desiring my inspiration: To which these verses were sent in answer.

Calliope's directions bow to deserve and distinguish the Muses inspirations,

A Ttend, ye num'rous daring throng, who strive To gain the dang'rous hill, where sew arrive; Learn, how the sacred height you may attain, And shine among the Muses' savourite train.

Let none prefume the hallow'd way to tread, By other than the noblest motives led. If for a fordid gain, or glitt'ring fame, To please, without instructing, be your aim, To lower means your grov'ling thoughts confine, Unworthy of an art, that's all divine.

Next try your judgment, e're yourselves indite; Justly condemn, and praise, what other's write. If pompous empty sound you most affect, Or labour'd scenes insipidly correct, Devoid of sense sublime; if uncouth thought, With artless toil, far out of nature sought, Or trisling play of words delight you more With glaring tinsel-shew, than solid oar;

Or

On the poetic art your pains you'll waste, In cold productions duller than your taste. But if true worth alone your praise obtain, Whilst S—le, D—fy, B—re you disdain, Proceed, and hope by moral views success, If we your well directed labours bless.

560

When for the tragic strain you are inclin'd, To draw the various passions of the mind; Ambition, love, or hate, revenge, or pride, Whate'er disorders human souls divide, Let your just scene their ruling disapprove, Ev'n of the soft, not least pernicious love; Instruct how sure, as if on ruin bent, They all the happiness they seek, prevent.

If you attempt the comic ridicule,
Lash not alone the grosser knave, or fool;
But all the gallant vices of the age,
Of which men boast, should blush upon the stage;
The more approv'd, the more diffus'd they are,
Less your impartial pen the dang'rous ill should
spare.

Let the nice well-bred beau himself perceive The most accomplish'd, useless thing alive: Expose the bottle sparks, that range the town, Shaming themselves with follies not their own; But chief those soes to virgin innocence, Who, whilst they make to honour vain pretence, With all that's base and impious can dispense. To gain, or quit, some fond deluded she, Deceir's a jest, false vows are gallantry; Let ev'ry \* Dorimant appear a knave, And no salse wise her falser honour save.

If by feverer fatire you'd correct, Boldly the crimes of ev'ry rank detect; But ne'er descend your censure to apply;
'Tis vile lampoon, below the Muses dignity.

Not fo to praife; each honour'd name rehearse: Peculiar merit most deserves your verse; By virtue dignified, the lowest name Is worthy us, and ev'ry tongue of same.

Thus far depends on your own care and art; A lifeless heap, without the Muses part. If Sbakespeare's spirit, with transporting fire, The animated scene throughout inspire; If in the piercing wit of Vanbrugh drest, Each sees his darling folly made a jest; If Garth's and Dryden's genius, thro' each line, In artful praise, and well turn'd satire, shine; To us ascribe th' immortal sacred slame, And still invoke th' auspicious Muses name.

On his Grace the Duke of Marlborough's return from his expedition into Germany, after the hattle of Blenheim, 1704.

A SSIST me, facred Muse! The man I sing, Who does to Britain same, to Europe safety bring!

Nor think it late thy grateful voice to raife,
Last of the tuneful choir in faithful praise.
The day, on which thy favour is implor'd,
Has Marlb'rough to his native isle restor'd;
Nor were our joys, or his successes crown'd,
Did dangers still the conqueror surround.
Now boast to France our triumph made complete,
The victor safe return'd from their defeat;
Secure of suture wonders, past repeat.

And yet forbear,—strain not thy softer voice To martial notes; a fitter theme's my choice:

A loose character in the Man of Mode, a celebrated comedy.

Ill would it fuit a female hand to wield The warlike weapons of the dreadful field, With daring steps to stride o'er heaps of slain, Or drive the flying Gauls thro' Hochstet plain.

Nor need we Marlb'rough's glories there display; Trust ev'n the foe t' immortalize that day. Tallard in bonds his triumph can't disown, And loft Bavarias, by his arms undone, Must tacitly proclaim what Marlb'rough won. Difabled France, to leffen Lewis' shame, Will gloriously record the victor's name. Let their proud chronicles with his compare Cæsar's and Alexander's fame in war: Sing thou his nobler cause; the end alone Makes conquest great, and both are here outdone.

Fam'd Cæsar Rome involv'd in civil broils; To fit aloft, tho' on his country's spoils: The other unprovok'd destruction hurl'd To unknown regions thro' th' affrighted world; Like reftless infants, wept for a new toy, Of which he knew no use but to destroy.

Far from purfuits like their's great Marlb'rough's

No thirst of pow'r, or vain defire of fame; With Cafar's conduct, as the Grecian brave, In just defence, he but destroys to fave; His toils are all for others good alone, And ev'n his lawrels for another won. Thy glories, gen'rous hero, least are thine; By them shall Anna's annals brighter shine: Anna by thee an empire has reliev'd From inbred foes, from foreign arms retriev'd; Such will be all the records of her reign, The injur'd to redress, encroaching pow'r restrain.

Content within her banks, as peaceful Thames, She lifts to their just height her gentle streams; Yet Yet spreads her bounteous arms like friendly Nile, When wanted to relieve a neighb'ring foil: Whilst Lewis like a torrent breaks his bounds, O'erwhelming all in ruin that furrounds.

Fate, that decreed at length to check the course Of Gallic pow'r, enlarg'd with lawless force, Our Anna to the pointed time defign'd, And equall'd to the work the monarch's mind: Destin'd to bless with nearer influence Her happy ifle, and bounteoufly difpense To the dejected world her gen'rous aid. To fill the glorious scheme, which heav'n had laid, A fubject was decreed her, fit to bear To diftant lands her delegated care; Superior fram'd, of that intrepid foul, Unmov'd itself, to guide and move the whole; Compos'd amidft the wranglings of debate; Amidst the shock of charging troops sedate, In various counsels to determine right, In battle guide the wild diforder'd fight.

A graceful pleasing frame was next design'd,? With awful majesty, and sweetness join'd, Should bear the image of this temper'd mind: Serenely great, to be rever'd and lov'd; Thus heav'n our Marlb'rough form'd, and his great work approv'd.

Anna, with just discernment, knew him soon Important to the glories of her throne; Worthy to be entrusted with the weight Of princes, empire's, Europe's doubtful fate. Monarchs, by him supported, bless her choice, Deliver'd nations join their grateful voice; Exulting Britain proud of giving birth To fuch a fubject, foremost of the earth, Waits with triumphant joy his near return; The croud tumultuous in impatience burn Loudly

564

Loudly to pay their homage, found his name, In shouts his glorious entry to proclaim.

Vain their impatience, Marlbrough only knows T'appear a conqu'ror midft opposing foes; No thought oftentive does his foul elate, The blot of virtue, weakness of the great:
All pompous expectation he defeats, In fecret silence unobserv'd retreats; Nor with less modest grace the senate meets. Their juster thanks would from himself elude, And to the army turn their gratitude. Thus shuns applause with easy humble art, And thus escapes the gaudy, pageant part, But nobler triumphs in each British heart.

To Mr. Congreve, on bis Tragedy, the Mourning Bride.

HAD heav'n bestow'd on me half Sappho's stame,
This noble theme had gain'd me larger fame;
For none can think great Congreve's to extend,
Or praising thee, ought but their own intend.
Boundless thy fame does as thy genius flow,
Which spread thus far, can now no limits know:
This only part was wanting to thy name,
That wit's whole empire thou mightst justly
claim:

On which fo many vain attempts were made,
Numbers pretending right their ftrength affay'd,
But all alike unfit for the command,
Only defac'd and fpoil'd the facred land;
Which thou, as its undoubted native lord,
Has to its ancient beauty thus reftor'd;
Where with amazement we at once may fee
Nature preferv'd pure, unconftrain'd, and free,
And

And yet throughout, each beauty, ev'ry part, Drest to the strictest forms of gracing art: Thus perfected, on fuch a finish'd piece, Where can my praise begin, or admiration cease! Sublime thy thoughts, easy thy numbers flow, Yet to comport with them, majestic too! But to express how thou our fouls do'ft move, How at thy will, we rage, we grieve, we love, Requires a lofty, almost equal flight, Nor dare I aim at fuch a dang'rous height, A task, which well might Dryden's muse engage, Worthy the first, best poet of the age; Whose long retreat that we might less bemoan, He left us thee, his greatest darling fon, Possession of the stage, once his alone. Tho' even he gain'd not thy height fo foon, And but the young great Macedonian, none; Alike in youth you both fought early fame, Both fure to vanquish too where'er you came; But he by others aid his conquests gain'd, By others too the fame of them remain'd; Thou fov'reign o'er the vast poetic land, Unaided, as unrival'd, do'ft command, And not oblig'd for fame, which records give, In thy own works thou shalt for ever live.

On bis Grace the Duke of Marlborough, after bis victory at Ramellies, in 1706.

DURST thou attempt to fing of Blenbeim's plain,
Too strongly mov'd thy transport to restrain?
(Nor Marlb'rough did thy humble verse disdain)
And can'st thou now behold his toils encrease
Thy country's glory, Europe's happiness,
Adding new lustre to thy Queen's lov'd name,
Yet thus desponding check thy kindling stame?
A Sappho should for Anna tune her lyre,
And Anna may with nobler verse inspire.

Or, tho' thy genius justly thou esteem
Too mean, O! far unequal to thy theme,
Worthy a master hand! yet bear a part;
The worthiest theme needs least the poet's art;
The hero comes—no longer then delay,
Loud as the public joy thy tribute pay.
Should none below a Virgil sing his name;
The coming age would give him doubtful same,
Suspect invention, and poetic strain,
In all the wond'rous truths of Anna's reign,
And Marlb'rough deem a siction of the brain.

If when the labour'd \*Eneid\* we peruse, The \*Trojan\* seems a creature of the muse, Or most ascribing to the facred fire, We less the hero than the bard admire; What losty song would now belief obtain, Of such a chief, as \*Virgil\* durst not seign? Among the greatest then in arms renown'd, The searching \*Maniuan\* none had perfect found, But with some failing shades each character, That all like truth and nature might appear. Had he our \*Marlb\* rough\* drawn, he must with art Have veil\* d some bright, some unexampled part, Not

Not have describ'd in one excelling mind
The virtues of his varying heroes join'd;
So temper'd each, that none the rest controul,
Such active fire in so compos'd a soul;
Resenting tenderly each soldier's fate,
Yet in the direst chance of war sedate;
Whilst griev'd \* a valu'd servant at his seet
A stroke, the soe for him design'd, should meet.
Unlike \*Eneas, Marlb'rough\* still the same
Pursues not vengeance with intemperate slame,
Righting the injur'd, bounds his juster aim;
On conquest bent, yet pleas'd the soe to spare,
Desiring peace, when dreaded most in war.

Thus drawn — With those stupendous actions, that complete A warrior's character, so truly great, In slowing numbers drest, sublimer sense, And all the pomp of dazling eloquence, Who would not think the poet's obvious art Had trespass'd on the just historian's part? That he contracted into one campaign A hero's life, a long successful reign. Such cause of doubt those toils may justly yield, That raise the glories of Ramellies' field. Yet more, that Anna could one subject find, Greatly to act, the wonders she design'd; Empires to save, nations enslav'd to free, Securing Britain's peace, and Europe's liberty.

But, when each ruder, untaught voice we raife, And Marlb'rough fing with one tumultuous praife, All must confess the good, the glorious cause, Unseign'd, and universal as th' applause; That native gratitude the crowd had fir'd, And truth alone such artless strains inspir'd.

So in adoring heav'n mankind agree, And wild barbarian worship proves the deity.

<sup>\*</sup> Col. Bingfield, his Gentleman of the Horse SONGS

# SONGS.

The Vain Advice.

I.

A H gaze not on those eyes! forbear
That soft enchanting voice to hear:
Not looks of basilisks give surer death,
Nor Syren's sing with more destructive breath.

II.

Fly, if thy freedom thou'dst maintain.
Alas! I feel, th' advice is vain!
A heart, whose safety but in flight does lye,
Is too far lost to have the pow'r to fly.

## The Caution.

T.

SOFT kisses may be innocent, But, ah! too easy maid, beware; Tho' that is all thy kindness meant, 'Tis love's delusive satal snare.

H.

No virgin e'er at first design'd

Thro' all the maze of love to stray;
But each new path allures her mind,

Till wand'ring on, she lose her way.

III. 'Tis

## III.

'Tis easy e'er set out to stay;
But who the useful art can teach,
When sliding down a steepy way,
To stop, before the end we reach?

## IV.

Keep ever fomething in thy pow'r,
Beyond what would thy honour ftain:
He will not dare to aim at more,
Who for fmall favours fighs in vain.

## The Platonic.

1.

WHY do you thus alarm my foul, With fears to lose your heart? Or why, when I bestow the whole, Return me but a part?

## II.

A boundless love you ought to pay, Since 'tis my actions, that alone, What bounds the laws have set, obey; My fond affection shall have none.

## III

Another warm'd with groffer fires,
Which tender paffion will appear,
May yield to all your wild defires,
Tho' to her heart you're not fo dear.

## IV.

Can one, whom pleasures only move,
Beyond my gen'rous stame deserve?
I've not that bribe to footh my love,
Yet love without reserve.

## The Relapse.

I

IN gazing on the once lov'd fwain,
I lost all thought of being wise;
Restected on my wrongs in vain,
Whilst I beheld those statt'ring eyes:
Again the soft deluders I believ'd,
Or wish'd, at least, I'd ne'er been undeceiv'd.

#### II.

How weak alas! is our defence
'Gainst him, who has the art to charm!
He bribes with pleasure ev'ry sense;
And they our reason soon disarm;
Seduce the heart to the invader's side:
Then what avails resentment, scorn, or pride?

## The needless Deceit.

T.

THOU dear returning lovely fwain, With what delight I fee Thy paffion kindled thus again! Again you burn for me!

## II.

And more, I fear, than equal fire
My melted eyes confess'd,
When you with rapture feem'd t' expire,
On my heav'd glowing breaft.

## III.

Yet, do not think, that you persuade You never false have been; For I have proofs your heart has stray'd; Too certain proofs have seen.

## IV.

Why should you aim still to deceive,
That have a furer pow'r?
My wrongs I felt, and must believe;
But could forgive you more.

## The Fair Insensible.

I.

STILL gay, ah! cruel maid,
By what strange arts do you ensnare!
Your eyes, your humour, all declare
Careless, insensible you are,
And should from love distance.

#### II.

Yet fuch foft charms they bear,
Forgetting that inviting mien,
Those smiles shew all is calm within,
We by those beauties are drawn in,
Which give us to despair.

## III.

So those, whom glory fire,
When out of hopes the day to gain,
Enslam'd the more, to fly disdain,
Neglect their wounds, nor feel the pain,
Pleas'd in the chace t' expire.

A Poem, occasioned by the busts set up in the Queen's Hermitage; designed to be presented with a book in vindication of Mr. Locke, which was to have been inscribed to ber Majesty.

F Albion's splendid court unmov'd I hear; Grandeur and pomp at distance can revere, Content, nor wish the dazling scene were near. In glories more refin'd my thoughts delight, Chief the fam'd hermitage would charm my fight. Delicious Richmond! were thy profpect mine, With rapture I should view great Caroline, Where, in her native luftre, most she'll shine; There her superior foul itself displays, That Locke and Newton could defign to raife. Rich in themselves she knew the folid oar, And gave the royal stamp to dignify it more. Yet each new honour, added to their name, Shall back reflect on her's a brighter fame. Great Caroline shall gloriously refound, Whilft Clarke, and Locke, and Newton, are renown'd.

But not for fuch illustrious names alone,
Has that choice feat her care of merit shewn:
Shar'd by the most obscure, who greatly aim,
Struggling thro' all impediments to fame,
A daring bard she views, tho' deep distress'd,
By art unaided, and by want depress'd,
Whilst toils the day, and cares the night molest;

Ver fortching moments from those cares and all

Yet fnatching moments from those cares and toils, To court the muse, transported with her smiles: The bounteous Queen, pleas'd with th' unwonted fight,
To aid th' afpiring genius in his flight,
From all incumbrances to difengage,
Seats him at ease near her lov'd Hermitage.

Thrice happy Thresher! now exert thy force, Whilst all incitements join to urge thy course. Sweet are thy labours there, thy toils resin'd, With arts to cultivate the fallow mind. The venerable busts, that honour'd stand, Plac'd by thy royal patrones's hand, Instruct thee in her taste, and bid thee raise To subjects worthy her thy future lays: By them stupendous truths thou may'st be taught, Thy maker's awful works excite thy thought, His wisdom in their structure to rehearse, And deep philosophy inform thy verse.

O! would the mighty Queen once more descend The low to raife, the fearful to defend; Whom yet nor fears, nor malice, could avert From daring injur'd merit to affert; Tho' not the flail and fickle could retard. Or cares discourage, more, the rural bard, Than those restraints, which have our sex confin'd, By partial cuftom, check the foaring mind: Learning deny'd us, we at random tread Unbeaten paths, that late to knowledge lead; By fecret steps break thro' th' obstructed way, Nor dare acquirements gain'd by stealth display. If some advent'rous genius rare arise, Who on exalted themes her talent tries, She fears to give the work, tho' prais'd, a name, And flies not more from infamy than fame.

Would royal Caroline our wrongs redrefs, Vouchfafe acceptance of this mean addrefs; Favour a Muse, who, tho' she weakly foars, With glory wing'd, thy patronage implores; Yet trembles, whilft she tenders at thy feet
Her bold essay great Locke to vindicate.
What worthy thee, or him, can gain the light,
Whilst black'ning clouds depress, and damp our
slight?

If not the work, give the attempt applause, And patronise in her the sex's cause.

No added honours the pretends to give,
Nor greater luftre could thy bufts receive
By aught the ablest artist can produce:
Yet are the humble instruments of use,
That brush the dust and vermin, as they rise
To hide that lustre, and their worth disguise.
Such is my task——O! were like theirs my fate,
Th' obscurest corner of that blest retreat!
But I alas! in northern climes grown old,
No more my native country shall behold;
Since providence has cast my latest lot,
Her pleasing streams and shades be now forgot.

Yet, gracious Queen, a more auspicious fate May crown those labours, which thy sentence wait, If thou, includent to the author's aim, With partial praise, commend the work to same, Admitted by thy choice a place to have, Tho' in the lowest class, of Merlin's cave.

O! might I thus the bleft occasion prove,
Fair emulation in the fex to move!
Beholding one, who could but well design,
Protected thus by royal Caroline.
Important is the boon! nor I alone,
The female world its influence would own,
T' approve themselves to thee, reform their taste,
No more their time in trisling pleasures waste;
In search of truths sublime, undaunted soar,
And the wide realms of science deep explore.
Quadrille should then resign that tyrant sway,
Which rules despotic, blending night with day;

Usurps on all the offices of life,
The duties of the mother, friend, and wife.
Learning, with milder reign would more enlarge
Their pow'rs, and aid those duties to discharge;
To nobler gain improve their vacant hours:
Be Newton, Clarke, and Locke, their mattadores.

Then, as this happy ifle already vies In arms with foes, in arts with her allies; No more excell'd in aught by Gallia's coast, Our Albion too should of her Daciers boast.

Aberdeen, Aug. 1732.

The rapture of an affectionate foul to JESUS on the Cross, composed in Latin by St. Francis Xaverius; paraphrased.

O Deus, ego amo te, &c.

GOD, my foul aspires to thee, All love, all facred extafy! Not for the dread of endless pain, Or promis'd happiness to gain, Charm'd by thyfelf alone, unmix'd With hopes, or fears, my love is fix'd: Such love my Jefu did bestow; And oh! much more to thee I owe! Unbounded bliss thou didst forsake, A wretched life for me to take. What woes, what anguish, hast thou past To death, this shameful death at last! For me thy head with thorns is crown'd: That lance thy facred fide does wound, Ev'n in thy latest agony, Torn on the cross, thy arms I see Extend t' embrace and shelter me.

S

576 Poems on Several occasions.

Thus a vile finner thou couldst love.
How then should so much goodness move!
Yes, yes, my God, an uncompell'd
And unbrib'd heart I freely yield;
By no ignoble interest sway'd,
The grateful offering I had made.
Tho' nor thy threats nor promises were known,
I'd love thee ever for thyself alone;
Not for thy scepter, or thy rod,
My all of good, my king, my God!
Thou only canst this stame inspire
Thou source, and period of desire!

## FINIS.